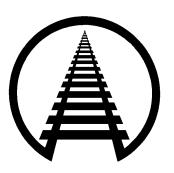
Case Goods Secured with Cargo Tuff DuallyTM D.I.D. Bags

Intermodal Loading Guide Method F-7 (New)

Approved by DAMAGE PREVENTION & FREIGHT CLAIM COMMITTEE

Association of American Railroads



Issued September 2020

Published by
Association of American Railroads/TTCI
Damage Prevention and Loading Services
55500 DOT Road
Pueblo, CO 81001

Cased Goods Secured by Cargo Tuff Dually TM D.I.D. Bags

GENERAL RULES

The General Rules relating to personal safety and the safe operation of trains, contained in AAR Circular Nos. 42-N and 43-G or supplements thereto, issued by the Association of American Railroads, **must be observed**.

These loading rules and/or practices apply to shipments transported in the USA, Canada and Mexico.

The loading methods in individual closed car loading publications issued by the Damage Prevention and Loading Services Section of the Association of American Railroads are minimum standards that have been evaluated and approved. These minimum standards offer practical guidelines on the subjects covered. Since these are minimum standards, it may be necessary to supplement these methods in some instances.

Securement standards in AAR closed car loading publications are intended for safe transit of the rail car from origin to destination and prevention of lading and equipment damage. These standards do not address unloading practices.

This approval may be withdrawn if the loads using these methods exhibit consistent load failure during actual shipments.

Loading and bracing methods not presently approved may receive consideration for approval and publication under Section II - Evaluation of New Loading and Bracing Methods and Materials for Closed Cars, Trailers or Containers of General Information Bulletin No. 2, "Rules and Procedures for Testing of New Loading and Bracing Methods or Materials". Submit requests to Closed Car Loading Rule Manager, dpls@aar.com.

<u>CAUTION:</u> Container/trailer rocking motion caused by the lift equipment entering and/or exiting the container or trailer may cause unsupported packages or articles with a higher center of gravity to fall to the floor. Minimize access to the container or trailer. Exercise caution when inside a partially loaded container or trailer. Lift operators should stay on lift equipment, whenever possible, while inside a partially loaded container or trailer.

Method F-7—Case Goods Secured with Cargo Tuff Dually TM D.I.D. Bags

Use this method for case goods unitized on pallets or slip sheets by minimum 90 gauge stretch wrap. Follow manufacturer's instructions regarding the minimum number of wraps to be used, but in all cases use a minimum of three wraps for the top and bottom layers and two wraps for the center layers. The load that was tested weighed 45,000 lb.

- 1. Cover rough surfaces or projections of the sidewall, including: trailer/container tie down hooks, rings, logistics tracks, etc., with fiberboard sheets or other suitable material where freight comes into contact with the sidewalls of trailer/container.
- 2. Plan the load so crosswise space is minimized. Use appropriate void fillers to prevent crosswise movement.
- 3. Lading weight in trailers and containers must be evenly distributed both crosswise and lengthwise, and the combined weight of lading must conform to all federal, state, provincial, and local regulations and transportation service requirements used at origin and to final destination.
- 4. Use Dually D.I.D. bags to control lengthwise load movement as shown in Figure 1. Dually D.I.D. bags may be used to fill cumulative crosswise void space from 12 in. to 24 in. centered in the trailer or container.

Cased Goods Secured by Cargo Tuff Dually TM D.I.D. Bags

Figure 1: Use this method for loads in which the lading is positioned against the front-end wall.

- 5. Use Dually D.I.D. bags at two locations in the load: at the fourth and fifth stacks and at the last two stacks. The figure shows ten units in two rows. Depending on trailer/container size and unit weight, varying numbers of units may also be loaded. In any case, the first Dually D.I.D. bags restrains approximately one half the load. Use Dually D.I.D. bags wide enough to extend from 4 in. above the floor to the top of the lading. The length of the Dually bags should be equal to twice the pallet length. Inflate both bladders of the Dually bag at the same time using an inflator designed for that purpose. Inflate to 2.5 psi. Check after 30 minutes and re-inflate as needed to 2.5 psi.
- 6. Place all units in the trailer/container against the side walls. Leave a 24 in. (approximate) space between the rear of the load and the trailer/container doors. Use hanging honeycomb void fillers or equivalent to fill the center void in each stack not filled by air bags.

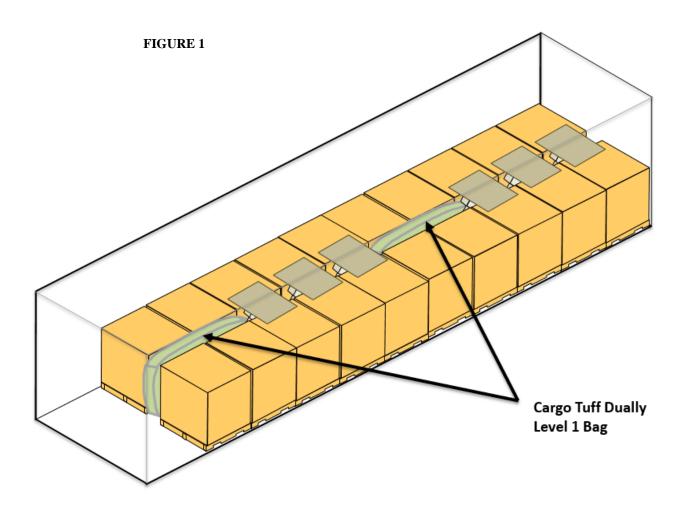


Figure 1
Method F-7
Palletized Cased Goods Secured with Cargo Tuff Dually TM Load Securement System

Cased Goods Secured by Cargo Tuff Dually TM D.I.D. Bags

- **Figure 2:** Use this method for case goods unitized on pallets when there is unfilled lengthwise pallet underhang and/or for case goods unitized on pallets or slip sheets that are loaded away from the front end wall to obtain proper weight distribution.
- 7. Use Dually D.I.D. bags adjacent to every stack in the load. The D.I.D. bags contact the full surface of the units down the center of the trailer/container as shown in the Figure 2. This figure shows ten units in two rows. Depending on trailer/container size and unit weight, varying numbers of units may also be loaded. Use D.I.D. bags wide enough to extend from 4 in. above the floor to the top of the lading. The length of the Dually bags should be equal to twice the pallet length. Inflate both bladders of the Dually bag at the same time using as inflator designed for that purpose. Inflate to 2.5 psi. Check after 30 minutes and re-inflate as needed to 2.5 psi.
- 8. Center the load lengthwise in the trailer/container, leaving approximately 24 in. of space between the front end wall and the first stack, and between the last stack and the doors.

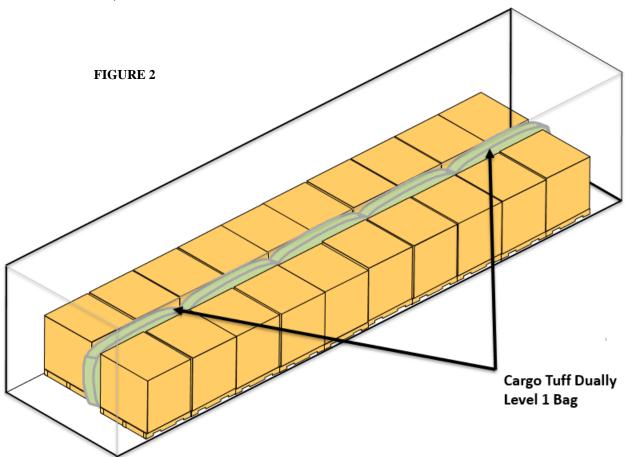


Figure 2

Method F-7

Palletized Cased Goods Secured with Cargo Tuff Dually TM Load Securement System

Cased Goods Secured by Cargo Tuff Dually TM D.I.D. Bags

General Information Series Publications

754 Wood Bins Braced by Disposable Inflatable Dunnage Bags and Lengthwise Fillers (CCLG Part 7) (10/16)

755 55-Gallon Steel Drums on Pallets Secured with Cordstrap® Barriers in 40-ft ISO Containers (Nonhazardous Materials only) (ILG Method I-6) (11/16)

759 Revision to Paragraph 2.5, Distribution of Weight Crosswise in Cars (CCLG Part 10) (2/17)

760 Incomplete Layers of Plywood Secured in Boxcars with Nonmetallic Straps (CCLG Part 3) (2/17)

765 Wood Bins Braced by Disposable Inflatable Dunnage Bags and Shock-Gard® Lengthwise Void Fillers (CCLG Part 7) (7/17)

768 Gearboxes Mounted on Sleds in 20 ft. Long ISO Containers (ILG Method E-23) (9/17)

778 Split Loads of 58 in. Diameter Roll Pulpboard on End Using Rubber Mats when Stowed in Trailers Having Large Metal Plates Approximately 9 ft. in Length at the Nose (ILG Method E-23) (3/18)

781 Wood Bins Braced by Disposable Inflatable Dunnage Bags and BIN-PAK or M-PAK Lengthwise Void Fillers (CCLG Part 7) (4/18)

782 Plastic Intermediate Bulk Containers with Disposable Inflatable Dunnage Bags and Lengthwise Void Fillers – Schoeller Allibert (CCLG Part 7) (4/18)

783 Cased Goods Secured by Tuff WrapTM D.I.D. Bags (ILG Method F-4) (4/18)

784 Cased Goods Secured by S.A.M. D.I.D. Bags (ILG Method F-4) (5/18)

786 Aluminum Coils on Platforms/Skids Loaded on Rubber Mats & Secured by Two Floor Anchored Web Straps & Supplemental Securement Straps (CCLG Part 9) (6/18)

787 Universal Storage Containers Loaded in 53 ft. Intermodal Containers (ILG Method H-15) (6/18)

791 DRUM-PAK® Dunnage for Open Head Drums in Cushioned Boxcars (CCLG Part 7) (6/18)

794 Peat Moss, Bagged or Baled, in Cushioned Boxcars (CCLG Part 8) (8/18)

795 Coiled Metal on Platforms/Skids in Boxcars (CCLG Part 9) (8/18)

797 Split Loads of 58 in. Diameter Roll Pulpboard on End Using Rubber Mats when Stowed in Trailers Having Large Metal Plates Approximately 9 ft in Length at the Nose (ILG Method E-19) (11/18)

798 Intermodal Loads Secured with TyGard DSTM (ILG Method B-9) (11/18)

799 46 in. to 57 in. Diameter Roll Paper on End Using Rubber Mats (ILG Method E-21) (12/18)

800 54 in. Diameter Paperboard on End Using Rubber Mats (ILG Method E-22) (12/18)

803 Stretch Film Roping of Steel Coils and Coil Loading Methods for Railroad Shipments (CCLG Part 9) (12/18)

810 Reinforced Longitudinal Void Fillers for Plastic, Metal or Wood Intermediate Bulk Containers with Tomato Products (CCLG Part 7) (4/19)

811 Plastic Intermediate Bulk Containers with Disposable Inflatable Dunnage Bags - Horen (CCLG Part 7) (6/19)

814 Bales of Wood Pulp in Boxcars (CCLG Part 8) (6/19)

817 Case Goods Secured by Stopack Max Blocker D.I.D Bags (ILG Method F-5) (9/19)

822 Palletized or Crated Auto Parts Secured by Web Strap Assemblies in 53 ft. Containers (ILG Method H-16) (9/19)

823 Plywood and Similar Panels Products – Loading Doorway Areas (CCLG Part 3) (10/19)

824 Case Goods Secured by Stopak Blocker D.I.D Bags (ILG Method F-6) (10/19)

825 Loading Bundled Ingots with Open Doorways (CCLG Part 10) (10/19)

826 Building Brick in Closed Cars – Incomplete Layer Securement – Woodpack Walls (Litco) (CCLG Part 5) (11/19)

827 Drum Layer Separators for Intermodal Shipments (Hazardous or Nonhazardous) (ILG Methods: B-3; B-8; B-9 (GIS 798); G-2; G-3; I-1; I-2; I-3; & I-4 (GIS 792)) (11/19)

828 44 in. Diameter Paper Roll in 50 ft. Cushioned Boxcars Using Horizontal Airbags (CCLG Part 2) (12/19)

829 39 in. Diameter Paper Rolls in 50 ft. Cushioned Boxcars Using Vertical Airbags (CCLG Part 2) (12/19)

831 Metal Intermediate Bulk Containers with Disposable Inflatable Dunnage Bags and Lengthwise Void Fillers – Goodpack USA (CCLG Part 7) (3/20)

832 47 in. Diameter Roll Paper Loaded in 60 ft. Cushioned Boxcar with Plug Doors. (CCLG Part 2) (4/20)

833 Double Layer Loads of Hazardous or Nonhazardous Materials Secured with Cordstrap® Barriers in a 20-ft Container (ILG Method I-4) (4/20)

834 Hazardous or Nonhazardous Loads Secured with Cordstrap® Barriers in 40-ft Containers (ILG Method I-5) (4/20)

835 Double Layer Loads of Nonhazardous Materials Secured with HLASH RHS Securement System in a 20-ft Container (ILG Method I-7) (4/20)

836 Wood Bin Containers for Shipping Liquid or Paste Products in Boxcars (CCLG Part 7) (5/20)

837 54 in. Diameter Roll Paper Loaded in 50 ft. Boxcars (CCLG Part 2) (5/20)

838 Unitizing with Stretch Wrap or Film, Stretch Wrap Roping, Shrink Netting or Shrink Film (CCLG Part 1; CCLG Part 6) (6/20)

839 Contour Pad Application with Roll Paper (CCLG Part 2) (6/20)

840 79 in. Diameter Paper Rolls Loaded in 60 ft. Cushioned Boxcars with 16 ft. Double Plug Doors Secured with Double-S Straps (CCLG Part 2) (6/20)

841 60 in. Diameter Roll Paper Loaded in 60 ft. Cushioned Boxcars with 12 ft. Plug Doors (CCLG Part 2) (6/20)

842 52 in. Diameter Roll Paper Loaded in 50 ft. Cushioned Boxcars with Plug Doors. (CCLG Part 2) (6/20)

843 Doorway Protection for Baled Paper and Wood Pulp Products in Boxcars (CCLG Part 8) (7/20)

844 46 in. Diameter Roll Paper Loaded in 50 ft. Cushioned Boxcars with Plug Doors. (CCLG Part 2) (7/20)

Cased Goods Secured by Cargo Tuff Dually TM D.I.D. Bags

General Information Series Publications

- 845 Roll Paper in Boxcars with Doorway Rolls on Risers and Rubber Mats (CCLG Part 2) (7/20)
- **846** Securing Incomplete Layers of Paper Rolls (CCLG Part 2) (7/20)
- 847 50 in. Diameter Roll Paper in 50 ft. Boxcars 21 & 22 Floor Spots (CCLG Part 2) (7/20)
- **848** Securing Incomplete Layers of Paper Rolls (CCLG Part 2) (7/20)
- **849** 72 in. Diameter Paper Rolls Loaded in 60 ft. Cushioned Boxcars with 16 ft. Double Plug Doors Secured with Double-S Straps (CCLG Part 2) (7/20)
- 850 Unitizing On Wood Pallets (CCLG Part 1) (8/20)
- 851 50 in. Diameter Roll Paper in 50 ft. Cushioned Boxcars with Plug Doors 23 Floor Spots (CCLG Part 2) (8/20)
- 852 Cased Goods Secured by Cargo Tuff Dually TM D.I.D. Bags (ILG Method F-7) (9/20)